CO-ORDINATED SCIENCES

Paper 1 Multiple Choice (Core)

0654/13 May/June 2019 45 minutes

Additional Materials: Multiple Choice Answer Sheet Soft clean eraser Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid. Write your name, centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you. DO **NOT** WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**.

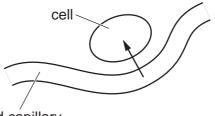
Choose the one you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the separate Answer Sheet.

Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer. Any rough working should be done in this booklet. A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 16. Electronic calculators may be used.



- 1 What is correct for **all** living organisms?
 - **A** They are sensitive to changes in their environment.
 - **B** They excrete solid waste from their bodies.
 - **C** They feed on other living organisms.
 - **D** They grow larger by increasing their cell number.
- 2 The diagram shows a body cell and a blood capillary. The arrow represents the direction of diffusion.



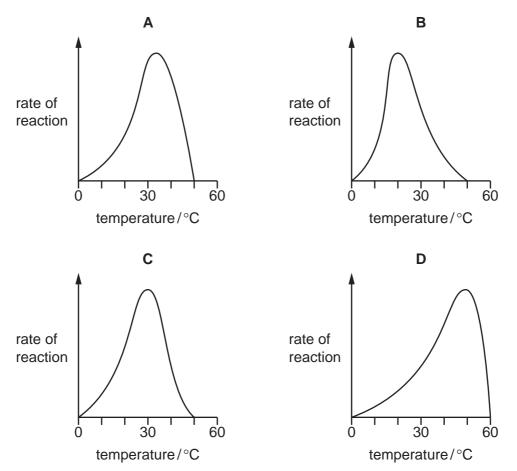
blood capillary

For aerobic respiration to occur in the cell, which substances does the arrow represent?

- A carbon dioxide and glucose
- B carbon dioxide and water
- C oxygen and glucose
- D oxygen and water
- 3 Which chemical element is found in proteins, but not in carbohydrates or fats?
 - A carbon
 - B hydrogen
 - C oxygen
 - D nitrogen

4 The graphs show the possible effects of temperature on the rate of reaction of an enzyme.

Which graph is correct for a human enzyme?



5 Plants make sugars from water and carbon dioxide.

From where do they get the carbon dioxide?

- A rain soaking into the leaves
- B the air
- **C** the soil through the roots
- D they make it in photosynthesis
- 6 What is the correct definition of ingestion?
 - **A** The breakdown of large, insoluble food molecules into small, water-soluble molecules.
 - **B** The movement of digested food molecules through the wall of the small intestine into the blood.
 - **C** The passing out of food that has not been digested, as faeces, through the anus.
 - **D** The taking of substances into the body through the mouth.

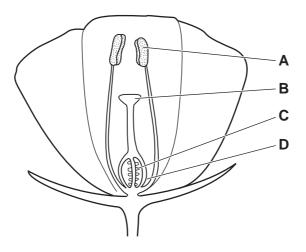
- 7 Which statement about the valves found in the human transport system is correct?
 - A They are absent in veins.
 - **B** They are present in arteries.
 - **C** They ensure one-way flow of blood.
 - **D** They pump blood from atria to ventricles.
- 8 Limewater can be used to test for differences in composition between inspired and expired air.

Which row is correct?

	type of air	appearance of limewater	conclusion
Α	expired	clear to milky	more carbon dioxide present
в	expired	milky to clear	more carbon dioxide present
С	inspired	clear to milky	more oxygen present
D	inspired	milky to clear	more oxygen present

- 9 In a reflex arc, which structure carries nerve impulses towards the central nervous system?
 - A effector
 - **B** motor neurone
 - C sensory neurone
 - D spinal cord
- **10** The diagram shows a section through an insect-pollinated flower.

When pollination occurs, where must the pollen grains reach?

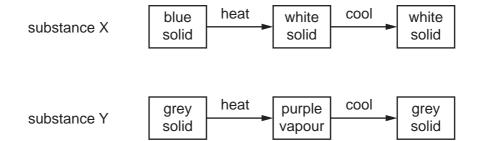


- 11 Which sex chromosomes need to be present in a sperm cell to produce a male zygote?
 - **A** X only **B** Y only **C** XX **D** XY
- **12** How do herbivores get their energy?
 - A by eating animals and plants
 - B by eating animals only
 - **C** by eating plants only
 - D directly from sunlight
- **13** A pupil listed some undesirable effects of deforestation.
 - 1 increase of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere
 - 2 extinction of species
 - 3 flooding
 - 4 increased number of habitats

Which effects are correct?

- A 1, 2, 3 and 4
- B 1, 2 and 3 only
- **C** 1, 2 and 4 only
- **D** 2, 3 and 4 only
- **14** Which process occurs when the arrangement of particles in a substance changes from regular to random?
 - A boiling
 - B condensing
 - **C** freezing
 - D melting

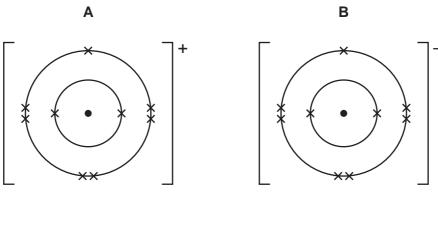
15 Two substances, X and Y, are heated and then cooled. The observations are shown.



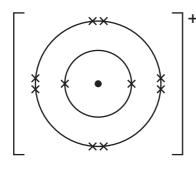
Which type of change occurs when X and Y are heated?

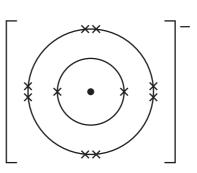
	Х	Y
Α	chemical	chemical
в	chemical	physical
С	physical	chemical
D	physical	physical

16 Which diagram represents a fluoride ion?



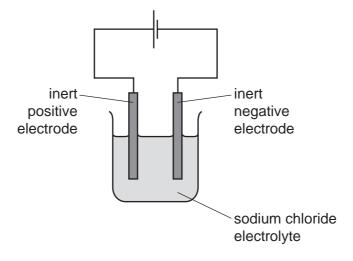






D

17 The electrolysis of concentrated aqueous sodium chloride is shown.



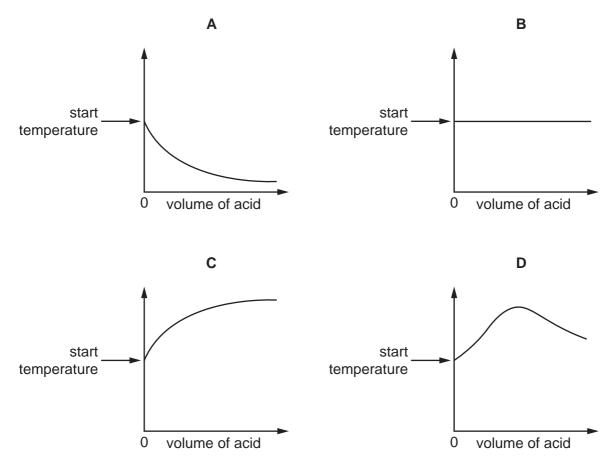
Which statement describes the product at the cathode?

- A It is a colourless gas that pops with a lighted splint.
- **B** It is a colourless gas that relights a glowing splint.
- **C** It is a grey solid.
- **D** It is a pale green gas that bleaches litmus paper.

18 An acid is added to an alkali until the final solution is **just** neutral.

The reaction is exothermic.

Which graph shows how the temperature changes as the acid is being added to the alkali?



- **19** In which reaction is zinc being oxidised?
 - 1 $2Zn + O_2 \rightarrow 2ZnO$ 2 $ZnO + Mg \rightarrow Zn + MgO$ 3 $Zn + CuO \rightarrow ZnO + Cu$
- 20 Which row identifies the types of oxides?

	acidic oxides	basic oxides
Α	CaO, Na ₂ O	CO ₂ , SO ₂
В	CaO, SO ₂	CO ₂ , Na ₂ O
С	CO ₂ , Na ₂ O	CaO, SO ₂
D	CO ₂ , SO ₂	CaO, Na₂O

21 Hydrochloric acid and sodium hydroxide neutralise each other to form water and sodium chloride.

Which method is used to make the solution crystallise?

- A chromatography
- **B** evaporation
- **C** filtration
- **D** fractional distillation
- 22 Which statement about the trends in the Periodic Table is correct?
 - A Elements are arranged in order of nucleon number.
 - **B** Elements on the left hand side form acidic oxides.
 - **C** The melting point of the Group I elements increases down the group.
 - **D** The proton number increases from left to right across the table.
- 23 Which statement describes the properties of solid metals?
 - A They are brittle and good thermal conductors.
 - **B** They are brittle and poor thermal conductors.
 - **C** They are malleable and good thermal conductors.
 - **D** They are malleable and poor thermal conductors.
- 24 A sample of air is analysed before and after it is used in an experiment.

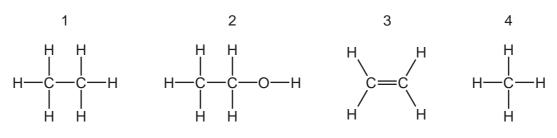
The percentage composition of the air before and after the experiment is recorded.

	nitrogen	oxygen	carbon dioxide	other gases
before	78	21	0.04	small amount
after	78	17	4	small amount

Which process does **not** produce this change in the composition of the air?

- A combustion of coal
- B combustion of natural gas
- **C** combustion of sulfur
- **D** respiration

- 25 What is not a use of limestone?
 - A manufacture of calcium oxide
 - B neutralising industrial waste products
 - **C** purification of water
 - D treating acidic soil
- 26 The structures of four compounds are shown.



What are the names of the compounds?

	1	2	3	4
Α	ethane	ethanol	ethene	methane
в	ethene	methane	ethanol	ethane
С	ethene	methane	ethane	ethanol
D	methane	ethene	ethane	ethanol

27 Which two statements describe addition polymers?

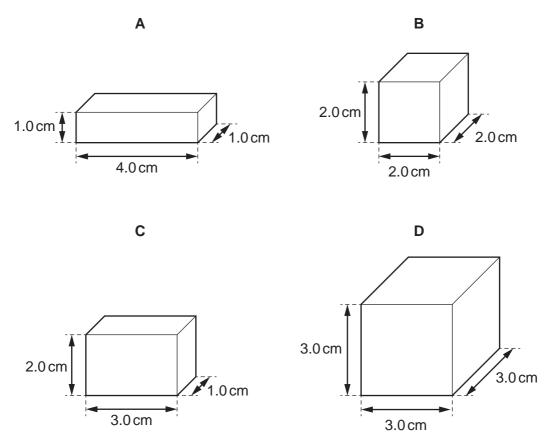
- 1 They are large molecules.
- 2 They contain carbon to carbon double bonds.
- 3 They are small molecules.
- 4 They are made from small units.
- **A** 1 and 2 **B** 1 and 4 **C** 2 and 3 **D** 3 and 4

28 Which statement is correct?

- A Mass is a force and its unit is the kilogram.
- **B** Mass is a force and its unit is the newton.
- **C** Weight is a force and its unit is the kilogram.
- **D** Weight is a force and its unit is the newton.

29 The diagrams show four solid objects of equal mass.

Which object is made from the substance with the greatest density?

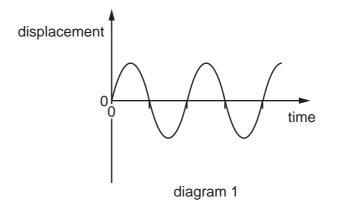


30 To calculate the work done by a force on an object, the size of the force must be known.

Which other quantity must be known?

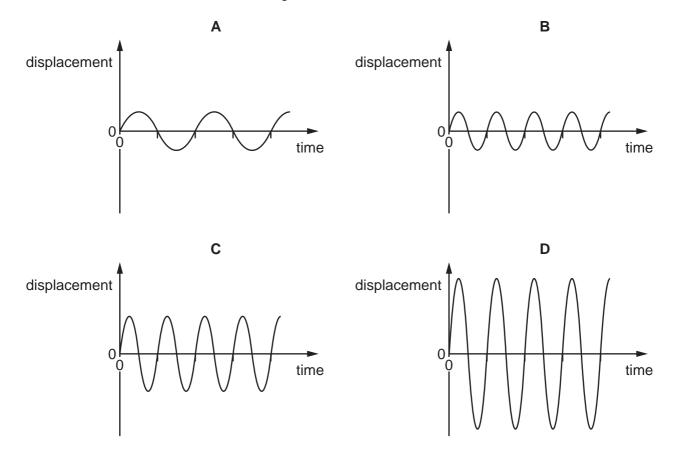
- A the acceleration of the object in the direction of the force
- **B** the distance moved by the object in the direction of the force
- **C** the final speed of the object
- ${\bf D}$ $\ \ \,$ the time for which the force acts on the object
- 31 Which energy source is non-renewable?
 - A geothermal
 - B hydroelectric
 - **C** nuclear fission
 - **D** wind

32 Diagram 1 represents a wave.



Which diagram represents a wave with twice the frequency and half the amplitude of the wave in diagram 1?

The scales are the same in all the diagrams.

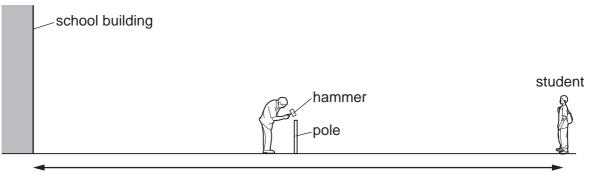


33 A student stands in front of a plane mirror on a wall.

Which statement about the image of the student is **not** correct?

- A The image is laterally inverted.
- **B** The image is smaller than the student.
- **C** The image is upright.
- **D** The student and the image are equal distances from the mirror.

34 A sports field is next to a large school building. A student at the far side of the sports field sees a groundsman hit a pole with a hammer.





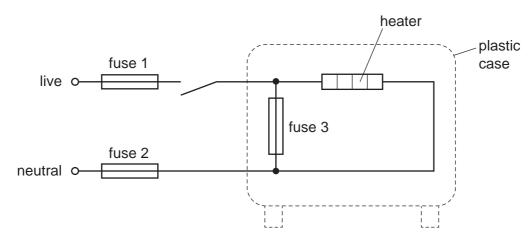
After the hammer hits the pole, the student hears two bangs.

Why does the student hear two bangs?

	first bang caused by	second bang caused by
Α	sound of hammer hitting pole	sound of pole hitting hammer
В	sound reaching the student's left ear	sound reaching the student's right ear
С	sound reaching student directly	sound reflected back from school building
D	sound reflected back from school building	sound reaching student directly

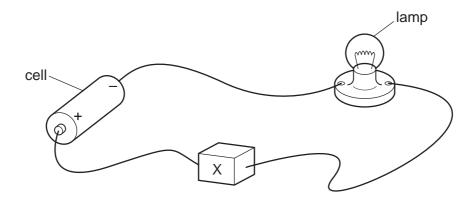
- 35 Which statement about the core of an electromagnet is correct?
 - A It is made of soft iron because soft iron is easy to magnetise.
 - **B** It is made of soft iron because soft iron does not lose its magnetism easily.
 - **C** It is made of steel because steel is easy to magnetise.
 - **D** It is made of steel because steel loses its magnetism easily.

36 The diagram shows the connections to an electric heater. The circuit includes three fuses.



Which of the fuses are correctly placed?

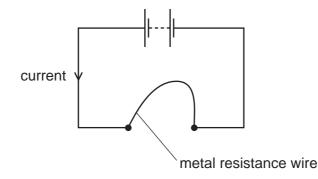
- A fuse 1, fuse 2 and fuse 3
- **B** fuse 1 and fuse 2 only
- C fuse 1 only
- D fuse 2 only
- **37** In the circuit, component X is used to control the brightness of the lamp.



What is component X?

- A an ammeter
- **B** a fixed resistor
- **C** a fuse
- D a variable resistor

38 A student connects a length of metal resistance wire to a battery.



The student wishes to increase the current in the resistance wire.

Which change does this?

- A connecting a second wire in series with the first wire
- B heating the wire
- **C** making the wire shorter
- D making the wire thinner
- **39** An atom of an isotope of strontium (Sr) has a proton number of 38 and contains 52 neutrons.

What is the nuclide notation for this isotope?

A ${}^{52}_{38}$ Sr **B** ${}^{90}_{38}$ Sr **C** ${}^{38}_{52}$ Sr **D** ${}^{90}_{52}$ Sr

40 The half-life of a radioactive isotope is 8.0 days.

How long does it take for the activity to decrease to $\frac{1}{16}$ of its original value?

A 16 days **B** 24 days **C** 32 days **D** 64 days

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The Periodic Table of Elements

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63 Eu ^{europium} 152 95 Am

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59 Praseodymium 141 91 Pa protactinium 231

58 Cenium 140 90 90 90 232 232

57 La lanthanum 139 89 89 actinium

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61 Pm promethium

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